

(9) The approximate number of animals watered by the claimant during the first year June 1, 1880,
was 2800 cattle 200 horses _____ sheep or wildlife (describe) _____
Date Other

The watering was conducted during each of the following months _____

January 1st to December 31st

The following quotations are taken from "Report on the Productions of Agriculture, as returned at the Tenth Census (June 1, 1880)", U.S. Dept. of Interior, U.S. Govt. Printing Office, 1883 and from "Nevada's Northeast Frontier", by Patterson, Ulph and Goodwin, 1969, Western Printing and publishing Co.

"The highland between the Little Humboldt and the Owyhee River slopes toward the later stream into vast sagebrush plain, known as the Owyhee desert. Many of the valley herds resort to this so-called desert and pass the winter well, provided they can find snow in place of water. There was little snow in the long, cold winter of 1879-80, and large tracts of the browse-feed, both in that (Owyhee Desert) region and in the valley slopes, could not be occupied; herds were compelled to remain in the neighborhood of permanent water, where the feed was already eaten off. Cattle owners stated that 20 percent of their herds perished from combined cold and starvation, although all the hay and straw in the two valleys was used."¹ "The choicest tracts of river lands have in many instances been fenced with barbed wire for the production of hay and as pastures for stock peculiarly susceptible to exposure."² "The original capacity for supporting livestock seems to have been greatest in Northern Nevada at all seasons of the year. No other part of Nevada possesses such extensive tracts of elevated and well watered summer pasture as those adjacent to the Valley of Quinn River, The Owyhee and the northern tributaries of The Humboldt."³ "The Owyhee River flows through a vast sage country, containing many stretches of browse accessible to cattle, where they can find drifted snow in ravines and pockets. Along the stream are frequent canyons until after the Oregon line is reached, which permit only an occasional opportunity for cattle to reach water. The prongs of the South Fork of the Owyhee, however, have several cattle ranches located on them, with good summer grazing, but during the other half of the year, they must depend on overgrazed lowlands."⁴ "With the progress, however, of settlement by small ranchers, under the pre-emption or the homestead acts, wherever there is opportunity for irrigation the free range opportunities have been curtailed. The advantageous conditions already gained by actual title to river borders enabled a dozen cattle raisers each to handle herds aggregating from 10,000 to 15,000 head."^{5 6} "Roundups took place on the Owyhee Desert in the vast 60 mile long and 30 mile wide expanse of land lying between the Little Humboldt and the Owyhee River. Rodeos lasted for two months or more depending on weather, men, and cattle. Nomenclature described the country. Tent Creek, Tent Corrals, Coyote Hole, Rye Grass, Tophan Creek, Devil's Corral, Whiskey Springs, Hardsgrable, Starr Valley, Calico Mountain, Calico Corrals, and Juniper Basin. Deeply gouged river gorges divided the desert into grazing pastures and livestock of adjacent outfits ranged defined areas of the plateau. In 1880, cattle and horses grazed the country year-round and wandered for miles without striking a fence. Stock running in common on the Owyhee Desert included the following irons:

The YP of Gurat and Co.; P-Bench of Altube Brothers; SL of Sales and Mitchum of Elko County; 96 of William Stock; the UT of J.P. "Pick" Anderson; the Double Square of R.T. Evans of Paradise Valley; the 2-Stripe of Joe Sewell; the U-D of Riddle Brothers; and the Circle 2 of Allie Harris of Idaho.⁷

"In the 1880's, cattle remained on the range year round and cows weaned their own calves. The Juniper Basin rodeo, one of the larger gathering places, averaged 10,000 head of cattle."⁸ "The UP Iron, believed to be the third oldest iron in active and continuous use in the United States, probably the only livestock brand registered in the U.S. Patent office, originated with Juan and Grace Garat in 1852 in the San Joaquin Valley, in California. 1871 they drove 1000 head of cattle to Nevada and in 1874 they settled on the South Fork of the Owyhee River."⁹ While the Garat's more than likely started running cattle within the described area in about 1875, other cattlemen were running in the area before that, we are claiming a 1880 year for this area.

1 Report by Clarence Gordon, U.S. Tenth Census June 1, 1880, report on Cattle, Sheep and Swine, Page 108.
 2 Report by Clarence Gordon, U.S. Tenth Census June 1, 1880, report on Cattle, Sheep and Swine, Page 106
 3 Report by Clarence Gordon, U.S. Tenth Census June 1, 1880, report on Cattle, Sheep and Swine, Page 105
 4 Report by Clarence Gordon, U.S. Tenth Census June 1, 1880, report on Cattle, Sheep and Swine, Page 109
 5 Report by Clarence Gordon, U.S. Tenth Census June 1, 1880, report on Cattle, Sheep and Swine, Page 109
 6 Nevada's Northeast Frontier, Page 214
 7 Nevada's Northeast Frontier, Page 230
 8 Nevada's Northeast Frontier, Page 321, and Haws, Alelaide- Valley of Tall Grass
 9 Nevada's Northeast Frontier, Page 418-19

(10) The approximate number of animals watered by the claimant in subsequent years was as

follows: 3000 Cattle

If water was not used, or used in reduced quantity at any time, full information as to causes and duration of non-use should be given.

Approximately the same number of animals have been watered throughout

the years ever since 1880.

(11) The amount of water which has been necessary to be diverted for this purpose has been

0.09 cubic feet per second.

448.83 gallons per minute equals 1 cubic foot per second.

(12) The works are located at None

Describe as being within a 40-acre subdivision, section, township and range of public survey. If on unsurveyed

land, it should be stated.

Remarks Use Map #47

The undersigned, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that the facts relative to the appropriation of water by Petan Company of Nevada, Inc.

are full and correct to the best of his knowledge and belief.

The undersigned deponent is acting as agent for the claimant.

If proof is not made by claimant, deponent should state on this line by virtue of what authority he represents the claimant.

Petan Company of Nevada, Inc.

Claimant

Telephone No. (702) 756-6512

By William A. Nisbet Agent

421 Court Street

Street and No., or P.O. Box No.

Elko, Nevada 89801

City, State, Zip Code No.

Telephone No. (702) 738-2121

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6 day of April, 19 93.

Coralee Griswold

Notary Public in and for the County of Elko

My commission expires July 12, 1994

\$50 FILING FEE MUST ACCOMPANY PROOF

